

Instructions for Determining the Percentage of Wages, Salary or Other Compensation to be Withheld

I. GARNISHMENTS TO COLLECT JUDGMENTS ARISING FROM SITUATIONS OTHER THAN CONSUMER LOANS, CONSUMER CREDIT SALES OR CONSUMER LEASES ARE SUBJECT TO THE RESTRICTIONS OF: §6-10-7, Code of Alabama 1975, and Title 15, §1673, United States Code ("U.S.C.).

Under Alabama and federal law, the amount subject to garnishment to collect such judgments shall not exceed the LESSER of:

- (1) twenty-five (25) percent of "disposable earnings" for the week; OR
- (2) the amount by which "disposable earnings" for the week exceed thirty (30) times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable.

II. GARNISHMENTS TO COLLECT JUDGMENTS ARISING FROM CONSUMER LOANS, CONSUMER CREDIT SALES OR CONSUMER LEASES ARE SUBJECT TO THE RESTRICTIONS OF: §5-19-15, Code of Alabama, 1975 as amended by Act 86-294, effective April 12, 1988, and Act 96-576, effective 5/20/1996.

A. Under this law, if the debt or demand was created ON OR AFTER April 12, 1988, the amount subject to garnishment shall not exceed the LESSER of:

- (1) twenty-five (25) percent of "disposable earnings" for the week; OR
- (2) the amount by which "disposable earnings" for the week exceed thirty (30) times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable

B. If the debt or demand was created BEFORE April 12, 1988, the amount subject to garnishment shall not exceed the LESSER of:

- (1) twenty (20) percent of "disposable earnings" for the week; OR
- (2) the amount by which "disposable earnings" for the week exceed fifty (50) times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable

DISPOSABLE EARNINGS DEFINED: An employee's "disposable earnings" means that part of earnings of an individual remaining after deduction of amounts required by law to be withheld such as Federal income Tax, Federal Social Security Tax, and State and Local Taxes.

NOTICE TO GARNISHEE

Note: If you have in your possession or control property or money belonging to the defendant (which is not wages, salary or other compensation and is not exempt as a matter of law), you are commanded to hold the property or money, or the amount shown on the other side as "Total," whichever is less, subject to the orders of the Court. Social Security, SSI, VA and federal retirement moneys are all exempt under federal law and remain so even when deposited in a bank or other financial institution. If the only money in your possession or control belonging to the defendant is Social Security, SSI, VA or federal retirement moneys, you should indicate in your answer "all such money is exempt from execution." The formula outlined below only applies if the property sought to be garnished is wages, salary or other compensation of the defendant. (Use the following formula to calculate a garnishment of wages, salary or other compensation)

- (1) Calculate "disposable earnings" for the week (see definition of disposable earnings" above)
 - (1) If the twenty-five (25) percent block is checked on the front of this form, multiply the "disposable earnings" amount by twenty-five (25) percent. Then multiply the "minimum wage amount" (in effect at the time the earnings are payable by you) by thirty (30) and subtract this amount from "disposable earnings." Compare these two and obtain lesser amount.
- OR
- (2) If the twenty (20) percent block is checked on the front of this form, multiply the "disposable earnings" amount by twenty (20) percent. Multiply the "minimum wage amount" (in effect at the time the earnings are payable by you) by fifty (50) and subtract this amount from "disposable earnings." Compare these two and obtain lesser amount.
 - (3) After the calculation is made in accordance with (2) or (3) above (whichever is applicable), the amount of the garnishment for the week is the LESSER amount. Withhold this amount and pay it into Court as instructed in the "Writ of Garnishment" on the front of this form.
 - (4) **THE CLERK AND OTHER COURT PERSONNEL CANNOT GIVE YOU LEGAL ADVICE. IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER FOR ADVICE.**

PROTECTION AGAINST DISCHARGE: Title 15, §1674, U.S.C., prohibits an employer from discharging any employee because his or her earnings have been subjected to garnishment for any one indebtedness.

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT OF RIGHT TO CLAIM EXEMPTION FROM GARNISHMENT

A process of garnishment has been delivered to you. This means that a Court may order your wages, money in a bank, sums owned to you, or other property belonging to you, to be paid into Court to satisfy a judgment against you.

Laws of the State of Alabama and of the United States provide that in some circumstances certain money and property may not be taken to pay certain types of court judgments, because certain money or property may be "exempt" from garnishment. For example, under State law, in some circumstances, up to \$7,500.00 in personal property, including money (except wages, salaries, or other compensation), bank accounts, automobiles, appliances, etc. may be exempt from process of garnishment. Similarly, under Federal law, certain benefits and certain welfare payments may be exempt from garnishment. Benefits and payments ordinarily exempt from garnishment include, for example, Social Security payments, SSI payments, veteran's benefits, AFDC (welfare) payments, unemployment compensation payments, and workers' compensation payments.

THESE EXAMPLES ARE FOR PURPOSES OF ILLUSTRATION ONLY. WHETHER YOU WILL BE ENTITLED TO CLAIM ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE PROCESS OF GARNISHMENT, AND, IF SO, WHAT PROPERTY MAY BE EXEMPT, WILL BE DETERMINED BY THE FACTS IN YOUR PARTICULAR CASE. IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN AS TO YOUR POSSIBLE EXEMPTION RIGHTS, YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER FOR ADVICE.

TO CLAIM ANY EXEMPTION THAT MAY BE AVAILABLE TO YOU, YOU MUST PREPARE A "CLAIM OF EXEMPTION" FORM LISTING ON IT ALL YOUR WAGES AND PERSONAL PROPERTY; HAVE THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION NOTARIZED; AND FILE IT IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE. ALSO, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO MAIL OR DELIVER A COPY OF THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION TO THE PLAINTIFF WHO HAS A JUDGMENT AGAINST YOU. YOU MUST INDICATE ON THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION THAT YOU FILED IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE WHETHER YOU MAILED OR DELIVERED THE COPY TO THE PLAINTIFF AND THE DATE ON WHICH YOU MAILED OR DELIVERED IT. THE CLERK CANNOT GIVE YOU LEGAL ADVICE. IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE, YOU SHOULD SEE A LAWYER.

If you file a claim of exemption, the plaintiff will have approximately ten (10) days to file a "contest" of your claim of exemption. If a contest is filed, a Court hearing will be scheduled and you will be notified of the time and place of the hearing. If the plaintiff does not file a contest, the property claimed by you as exempt will be released from the garnishment.

If you do not file a claim of exemption, your property may be turned over to the court and to the plaintiff on the judgment against you.

TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS, IT IS IMPORTANT THAT YOU ACT PROMPTLY. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER.

NOTICE TO PLAINTIFF OF RIGHT TO CONTEST CLAIM OF EXEMPTION OF DEFENDANT

If a "Claim of Exemption" is filed in the Clerk's office and mailed or delivered to you by the defendant, you have approximately ten (10) days to file a "Contest" to the Claim of Exemption with the Clerk of the Court.

If a Contest is timely filed, a Court hearing will be scheduled within seven (7) calendar days (or on the next business day thereafter if the Court is not open on the seventh day). You and the defendant will be notified of the time and place of the hearing.

If you fail to make timely Contest of the Claim of Exemption, after fifteen (15) calendar days from the filing of such claim by the defendant, the Process of Garnishment and any writ of garnishment issued therein shall be dismissed or, where appropriate, modified to the extent necessary to give effect to the claimed exemptions.

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN AS TO HOW TO FILE A CONTEST TO THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION, YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER FOR ADVICE. THE CLERK AND OTHER COURT PERSONNEL CANNOT GIVE YOU LEGAL ADVICE.

GARNISHEE=S ANSWER

DV 2010-900036

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF PIKE COUNTY, ALABAMA

PLAINTIFF: MAX CREDIT UNION f/k/a MAX
FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
POST OFFICE BOX 244040
MONTGOMERY AL 36124-4040

DEFENDANT: KQUIN PARRISH, SSN ***-**-9197
13774 MIXONVILLE ROAD
GEORGIANA AL 36401

GARNISHEE: GULF COAST INTERMODAL, INC.
ADDRESS: C/O SHORELINE TRANSPORTATION LLC
100 PLEASANT HILL COURT
GREENVILLE AL 36067

NOTICE TO GARNISHEE:

After reading the Process of Garnishment and Instructions on the reverse side of the Process of Garnishment, check the appropriate answer(s) below, sign and have notarized. Keep a copy of this Answer for your records and return the original and other copies to the Court at the address below.

___ Defendant is employed and Garnishee will withhold from the salary, wages, or other compensation, as required, and pay into Court.

___ Defendant is employed, but Defendant=s disposable earnings are not sufficient to be subject to garnishment.

___ Garnishee has in Garnishee=s possession or control property or money belonging to Defendant, which is not wages, salary or other compensation, namely: _____ and is holding the property or money subject to orders of the Court.

___ Defendant not employed - Garnishee not indebted to Defendant when process was received, or when making this Answer, or during intervening time, and Garnishee does not have possession or control of any belongings of Defendant.

___ If Garnishee is a corporation, the person signing below is the duly authorized agent of Garnishee to make this Answer and has knowledge of the facts stated herein.

___ Other (Explain) _____

Garnishee or Authorized Agent (Signature)

Sworn to and Subscribed before me this
Date _____

Notary Public Signature

Address of Court: PIKE COUNTY DISTRICT COURT
PIKE COUNTY COURTHOUSE
120 W CHURCH STREET
TROY AL 36081
(334)566-4622